

Quiz 4 (L9-L10)

Show all work for full credit.

1. Find the derivatives.

(4 pts. each)

(i) $f'(x)$ if $f(x) = 2xe^{3x} - \tan(x^3 - x)$

$$f'(x) = (2)e^{3x} + 2x(3e^{3x}) - \sec^2(x^3 - x)(3x^2 - 1)$$

$$= (6x + 2)e^{3x} - (3x^2 - 1)\sec^2(x^3 - x)$$

(ii) $g'(x)$ if $g(x) = \sin^2(x^2 - 1) - \ln(2) + 1$

$$g' = 2 \sin(x^2 - 1) \cdot \cos(x^2 - 1) \cdot 2x$$

$$= 4x \sin(x^2 - 1) \cos(x^2 - 1)$$

2. The position of a particle at time t is given by $s = 2t^2 - 5t + 3.15$, $0 \leq t \leq 5$, where s is in meters and t is in seconds.(i) What is the velocity of the particle at time $t = 1.25$?

(3 pts.)

$$v(t) = s'(t) = 4t - 5$$

$$v(1.25) = 4(1.25) - 5 = 0$$

(ii) Find the particle's speed and acceleration at times $t = 0$ and $t = 5$. (4 pts.)

$$v(0) = 4(0) - 5 = -5$$

$$v(5) = 4(5) - 5 = 15$$

$$a(0) = v'(0) = 4$$

$$a(5) = v'(5) = 4$$

note $a''(t) = v'(t) = 4$
for all t .