## Quiz 3

1. Use logarithmic differentiation to find $f^{\prime}(e)$ where $f(x)=x^{x}$.

Show all work for full credit, but if you happen to remember the derivative of $f$ from lecture you can still get partial credit if you forgot how to derive it!
2. Use implicit differentiation to find $d y / d x$ if

$$
y^{2}+2 x y+3=0
$$

3. Recall that $(\ln (x))^{\prime}=1 / x$. Calculate $f^{\prime}(x)$ using either the chain rule or first using properties of logs to simplify where

$$
\begin{equation*}
f(x)=\ln \left(\frac{x^{2}}{3 x^{2}-1}\right) \tag{8pts.}
\end{equation*}
$$

