Math 1552
Summer 2022
Test 1
June 9, 2022
Time Limit: 50 Minutes

Name (Print):
Canvas email:
Teaching Assistant/Section: $\qquad$


By signing here, you agree to abide by the Georgia Tech Honor Code: I commit to uphold the ideals of honor and integrity by refusing to betray the trust bestowed upon me as a member of the Georgia Tech Community.

Sign Your Name: $\qquad$

1. (5 points) Let $f(x)$ be a function that is always increasing in the interval [1,5]. Suppose $\int_{1}^{5} f(x) d x=10$.
If we use 4 sub-intervals and left-hand endpoints to estimate the area under the curve $f(x)$ bounded by $x=1$ and $x=5$, would it be larger or smaller than 10 ? Explain your answer.
2. (5 points) Let $f(x)$ be an even function. Suppose that $\int_{-5}^{5} f(x) d x=20$ and $\int_{8}^{5} f(x) d x=-2$. Find $\int_{0}^{8} f(x) d x$ ?
3. (5 points) Find $F^{\prime}(x)$ if

$$
F(x)=\int_{\frac{x^{3}}{3}}^{e^{2 x}} \ln (\sqrt{t+3}) d t .
$$

You do not have to simplify your answer.
4. (5 points) Evaluate

$$
\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-4 x^{2}}} d x
$$

5. (10 points) Use the method of substitution to calculate the integral:

A correct answer without work will not receive full credit.

$$
\int_{1}^{e} \frac{1}{x(1+\ln x)} d x
$$

6. (10 points) Use integration by parts to calculate the integral:

A correct answer without work will not receive full credit.

$$
\int\left(5 x^{2}-2 x\right) \sin (2 x) d x
$$

7. (10 points) Use trigonometric identities to calculate the integral:

A correct answer without work will not receive full credit.

$$
\int \sin ^{2}(3 x) \cos ^{3}(3 x) d x
$$

