## Practice Exam 4

1. Find the value of a for which the corresponding system of linear equalities has no solutions:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & a & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For which values of a is there a unique solution? Is there any value of a for which there are infinitely many solutions to the system?

2. Given

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

find the rref of each of A, B, C, D and find each of the products AB, BA, AC, CA, AD, DA, BC, CB,... etc., or say undefined.

- **3.** Let A, B be as in problem #2. Find  $A^{-1}$ . Find the solution X to the matrix equation AX = B using the inverse of A.
- 4. Write down a  $3 \times 3$  matrix and find its inverse using the Gauss-Jordan Method. It may take a few tries to find one that is 'not too hard'. One that is easy, about the right difficulty for the test (you should be able to do it in < 5 minutes) is

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

5. Use the equation  $X = (I - A)^{-1}D$  to find the solution to the input-output analysis problem: A simplified economy consists of the two sectors Manufacturing and Energy. The input-output matrix is

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
M & E \\
M & \begin{bmatrix} .3 & .1 \\ .2 & .25 \end{bmatrix}.
\end{array}$$

How many cents of manufacturing are required to produce \$1 of energy? Which sector requires the greatest amount of energy to produce \$1 of output? What should the production rates be in order for the economy to produce \$3 million of manufacturing and \$5 million of energy (in surplus).

**6.** Use the equations

$$m = \frac{N \cdot \sum xy - \sum x \cdot \sum y}{N \cdot \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2} \qquad b = \frac{\sum y - m \cdot \sum x}{N}$$

to find the line of best fit for the points (1,2), (2,4), (3,3), (4,4).

7. Use your answer to the previous problem to answer the question: The table below shows the profit of a company over the last four years. What should the company expect in profit in 2015?

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Profit (mil.)	2	4	3	4	??

**8.** Consider the following linear inequality constraints:

$$\begin{cases} 6x + 3y \le 96 \\ x + y \le 18 \\ 2x + 6y \le 72 \\ x \ge 0, \quad y \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

Graph the feasible set. Find numbers x and y which maximize the objective function 80x + 70y and which satisfy all the above constraints simultaneously.