

Math 1552, Integral Calculus
Section 4.8: Antiderivatives

Name:

Evaluate the following indefinite integrals.

$$1. \int (\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{x})^2 dx$$

$$2. \int [4^{-2x} + e^{-5x}] dx$$

$$3. \int \left(\frac{e^{\sqrt{2}} + x^{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$4. \int \left(\frac{1}{1+9x^2} \right) dx$$

$$5. \int \left(\frac{2}{3x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \right) dx$$

$$6. \int \cot^2(5x)dx \text{ (HINT: use a trig formula relating } \cot^2 x \text{ to } \csc^2 x.)$$

Answers

$$1. \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

$$2. -\frac{1}{2\ln 4}4^{-2x} - \frac{1}{5}e^{-5x} + C$$

$$3. 2e^{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+1/2}}x^{\sqrt{2}+1/2} + C$$

$$4. \frac{1}{3}\tan^{-1}(3x) + C$$

$$5. \frac{2}{3}\ln|x| - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + C$$

$$6. -\frac{1}{5}\cot(5x) - x + C$$